

Quiz II & III

**A Quiz
Submitted to Dr. Justin Smith
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**In Partial Fulfillment
of the Requirements for
MI 502**

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MI 502 Biblical Principles of Counseling Quiz 2 and 3

Use these questions to better understand important points in the readings. Choose the best answer from the following selections.

1. Clement, promoting the view of the early church, held that all actions assisting troubled persons should be decided upon in the light of:
 - a. The Pope's authority.
 - b. The authority of the local church.
 - c. **An imminent end of the world.**
 - d. The assurance of salvation before death.

2. From Tertullian's teaching on exomologesis we understand the early view that:
 - a. **Penance must be commensurate to the sin.**
 - b. Idolatry, blasphemy, and remarriage were unpardonable.
 - c. Temporal punishment compounds God's just eternal torments.
 - d. Celebrating Eucharist is the first line of defense for one's salvation.

3. The writer of the *Didascalia Apostolorum* argued:
 - a. For overseeing sinning church members harshly so not to compromise God's holiness.
 - b. For banning lapsed Christians from readmission into the church.
 - c. **Against a rigoristic view forbidding forgiveness for grievous sins.**
 - d. Against giving hope to those who sin.

4. John Chrysostom counseled a young widow that:
 - a. God would forgive all her sins.
 - b. She should not burn with passion and hence should remarry.
 - c. **Despite her grief, God was at work in personal events of her life and she should prepare for heaven by living chastely and obediently.**
 - d. God could forgive infidelity but not idolatry.

5. John Cassian argued that:
 - a. **Each person had his own special besetting sin.**
 - b. Codifying categories of sin or "principal faults" undermined God's authority to forgive.
 - c. There are three "deadly sins".
 - d. All sin entails some bodily act.

6. Halitgar argued for all the following *accept*:
 - a. Commuting penance into money payments.
 - b. Flagellation for gluttony and stammering during the Eucharist.
 - c. Reciting psalms and adopting certain postures and gestures were of great therapeutic value in penance.
 - d. **Confession, penance, and reconciliation should be done publicly.**

7. Hill states that clients are most likely to reveal themselves when they believe:
- a. Their counselor is knowledgeable.
 - b. They have a caring relationship with their counselor.**
 - c. Their counselor has insights into their childhood.
 - d. All of the above.
8. The exploration stage provides an opportunity for counselors to:
- a. Learn about their client.**
 - b. Show clients the links between their thoughts, feelings, and behaviors.
 - c. Talk about themselves.
 - d. Role model good problem solving skills.
9. Hill says:
- a. Listening is always helpful.
 - b. Attending always ensures listening.
 - c. Note-taking helps counselors listen.
 - d. Listening includes understanding client's verbal and non-verbal messages.**
10. The purpose of probes is to:
- a. Find out why.
 - b. Redirect clients.
 - c. Help the client clarify or explore their thoughts and feelings.**
 - d. Find out what the real issues are.

Extra Credit:

11. Restatements:
- a. Enable clients to focus and figure out issues.**
 - b. Are always helpful.
 - c. Are rude "parroting" of clients and should be avoided.
 - d. Just rehash what has already been talked about.

Make sure to include your name!
